28 سورة القصص S28-Al-Qassa'sse



مآللكه آلرَّحُمَٰزَ آلرِّحِبَ

By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)

1. Tta-seen-meem ¹	طستر 🕲
2. Telka ^w (she-that-afar-it w/those w) (are) Aya'te ^w (Qur'anic statements) (of) The Book the manifester.	تِلْكَ ءَايَتُ ٱلْكِتَابِ ٱلْمُبِينِ
3. We recite on youg of Mosa's (Moses') naba'e² (piece-of-	نَتْلُواْ عَلَيْكَ مِن نَبَامُوسَىٰ وَفِرْعَوْنَ
significant-and-availing-news) and Pharaoh's, by the right, for a believing people.	بٱلْحَقِّ لِقَوْمِ يُؤْمِنُونَ ۞
4. Verily Pharaoh heightened in the land and [he] made	إنَّ فِرْعَوِّنَ عَلَا فِي ٱلْأَرْض
its w people sects/factions, yasta'dh'efo4 ([he] deems weakling) ta'efa'tanw (group/faction/party) w of them;	وَجَعَلِ أَهْلَهَا شِيَعًا يَسْتَضْعِفُ
youdhabbeho (recurrently slaughters [he]) their sons and	طَآبِفَةً مِّهُمْ يُذُبِّحُ أَبْنَآءَهُمْ
yasta'hyey ([he] affirmably lets live) their women; verily	وَيُسْتَحْي مِ نِسَآءَهُمْ ۚ إِنَّهُ وَكَانَ
he [was] of the corrupters. 5. And [We] want to namunn a^5 ([We] grace Our boonw) on	مِنَ ٱلْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿
whom ' istodh'efo6 (they ' had been affirmably deemed	وَنُرِيدُ أَن نُمُنَّ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ السَّمُّ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ السَّمُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّذِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللللْمُ اللللِّهُ الللِّهُ الللْمُواللِمُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللللْمُ الللللْمُ اللللْمُ اللللْمُ الللْمُ الللِمُ الللْمُواللِمُ الللْمُواللِمُ الللْمُواللِمُ اللْمُولِي الللْمُواللِمُ الللْمُواللِمُ الللْمُواللِمُ اللْمُواللِمُ الللْمُواللِمُ اللْمُواللِمُ اللْمُواللِمُ اللْمُواللِمُ اللْمُواللْمُ اللْمُواللِمُ اللْمُواللِمُ اللْمُواللِمُ اللْمُواللِمُ اللَّذِي الْمُواللِمُ اللْمُواللِمُ اللْمُواللِمُ اللْمُواللِمُ ال
weaklings) in the land wand [We] make them a'emmatan	استصعِفوا في الارص وجعلهم أَبِمَّةً وَنَجَعَلَهُمُ ٱلْوَرْثِينَ ۞
(principals) and [We] make them the inheritors. 6. And [We] enable/empower ⁷ for them in the land ^w and	اَيِمُهُ وَتَجَعِّلُهُمُ الْوَرِيينِ ﴿ وَالْحَجَعِلَهُمُ الْوَرِيينِ ﴿ وَالْحَجَعِلَهُمُ الْوَرِيينِ
[We] show, Pharaoh and Hamana and soldiers (of)	وَعُوْنَ وَهُدَمُنَ وَجُنُودُهُمَا
them both, from them what they were cautioning.	مِنْهُمْ مَّا كَانُواْ يُخَذُّرونَ ۚ
7. And We [revealed] ⁸ to <i>Mosa's</i> (<i>Moses'</i>) mother: to/- that let-suckle/nurse ⁹ him [you y]; then if feared ¹⁰	وَأُوْحَيْنَآ إِلَىٰ أُمِّر مُوسَىٰ أَنْ
[you y] on him, then let-throw him [you y] in the	أَرْضِعِيهِ فَإِذَا خِفْتِ عَلَيْهِ فَأَلْقِيهِ
yamme(deep and extended body of salty or sweet water) and let-not [you ^y] fear and let-not [you ^y] sadden; verily We	فِي ٱلْيَمِّ وَلَا تَخَافِي وَلَا تَحُزَنِيَ
(are) raddoho ¹¹ (forthwith returners of/returning him) to you ^y	إِنَّا رَآدُُوهُ إِلَيْكِ وَجَاعِلُوهُ مِنَ
and making him ([We] are)of the mursaleena (sent- messengers).	ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ۞
110030112013].	

¹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for a commentary on this!

² See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for "naba'a!"

³ The word ""= "sects/factions" in the sense of a smaller cohesive groups contentious with respect to a larger group following and succoring each other!

⁴ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter when added to a word!

[&]quot;That a "boon We grace it!" أنعمة ننعمها " That a "boon We grace it!"

⁶ See footnote 4096 above regarding the letter w when added to a word, in this case: "ايستضعف" So, in this case, "استُضعِفُوا" means "عُدُّوا ضعِفَاء" i.e. affirmably deemed weaklings they!

The word "نحکن" means "found" or "established!" It also means "enabled" or "empowered!" Clearly, the

English word "established" does not imply or connote the same as "مكن" per se!

⁸ The word "أوحى" denotes at least six diverse meanings, all for communicating: gestured, wrote, messaged, inspired, whispered, one cast to another (e.g.: a commanded)! And "اللسان is fire or king! See اللسان " is fire or king! See " breast-feed him!"

9 Here "nurse" in its sense of breast-feed, as the text says: "أوضعيه" and not "غثيه بالثدي" = "breast-feed him!"

10 Linguistically the word "خاف " carries dual meanings: (1) feared and (2) knew!

¹¹ The word "دلانو و" is rooted in "کن" meaning forthwith returned; example the greeting must be "forthwith retuned," as in: "And when (bad) been greeted you by a greeting then let-you greet by better than it or let-you forthwith-return it." (S4: 86)!

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8. Then ultaghataho¹² (fortuitously found and picked him up) Pharaoh's folk, to be for them a foe¹³ and a hazanan¹⁴ (permanent sadness); verily Pharaoh and Hamana and soldiers (of) them both were wrongdoers¹⁵. 9. And said-shey Pharaoh's woman (wife): qurratoaynen16 (eye's-cooling for bounteous satisfaction)^w for me and you^g; let-not kill him you^z; asa(craving a deed beyond one's means that, may) that [he] benefits us or nattakhetha¹⁷ ([we] take and make) him a child¹⁸, while they not perceive. 10. And become foaa'do (keen-preoccupation of the heart) (of) Mosa's (Moses') mother vacuous, en (surely) kadat (nighed/-verged/almost)-she y surely discloses/flashesshe^{y19} by him *lawla* (had it not been for) that We bound on her heart²⁰ to be [she] of the believers. 11. And said-she^y to his sister: let-track^w him [you^y]; so sighted-she y [by] him from²¹ aside/afar while they not perceive.

12. And We forbad on him the she-sucklers of before; then said-she^y:shall/do[*I*]lead/guide you^bon a housefolk w (to) sponsor him for you^b while they (are) for him na'ssehoona²² (sincere care-renderers, well-wisher).

13. So We *radadnaho* (*forthwith-returned him*) to his mother *kay* (*to/so that*) *taqorra*²³ (*cool*^w *her eye*) ^w and [*to*] not sadden^w[*she*]; and to know^w [*she*] that Allah's promise (*is*)right; [and,]but most (*of*) them not know.

فَرَدُدْنَهُ إِلَىٰ أُمِّهِ عَيْنَهَا وَلَا تَخْزَنَ وَلِتَعْلَمَ أَنَ وَعُدَ وَلِا تَخْزَنَ وَلِتَعْلَمَ أَنَ وَعُدَ اللهِ حَقِّ وَلَيْكِنَّ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا لَعْلَمُونَ وَلَيْكِنَّ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا لَعْلَمُونَ وَلَيْكِنَّ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا

12 The word "التقط" is not merely picked up but fortuitously found and picked up! See اللسان

¹³ The word "عو" in Arabic is used for: (1) singular and (2) plural as well as (3) "multitudinous foe," see اللهادي

with fa'tha on the and j=permanent-sadness; and huznon=خزن with dhammah on the sadness of limited duration! See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaborations.

¹⁵ The word "خطيء" = he who intended to wrong, unlike the "المخطيء" = he who errs unintentionally! So, "خاطيع" is a "wronger!" Hence, "خاطئين" = wrongdoers!

¹⁶ The statement "فرة عين" is a rather lofty and elegant Arabic tongue expression, meaning the eye's tears have "cooled" and ceased to flow and became quiet and still, bounteously rejoicing for what it saw! In other word: the one having such eye became rather happy!

such eye became rather happy!

17 The word "اِتَّخَانُ" from "الْاِتْخَانُ" which is "الْاِتْخَانُ" as stated in العرب therefore "اِتَّخَانُ" is always taking and presuming some-thing about what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

¹⁸ That is we take and make out of him our own child.

¹⁹ To "disclose" means to reveal the truth about Moses, that he is her son!

²⁰ The expression "We bound on her heart" is figurative Arabic tongue expression = gave her patience and strengthened her resolve!

²¹ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding the various meanings of the preposition 121.

²² The word "أصحون" = "nasehoon" is plural, masculine, subjective noun! But first the word "أصحون" in "اصحون" in "اصحون" in Arabic defines and implies more than its English supposed equivalent "advised!" The Arabic "أخلص القول " = "أصدون" i.e. he sincerely-advised or sincerely-opined the advisee as to what is best for him! However, in English the word "advised" mean given opinion (presumably, not necessarily) as to the best course of action the advisee should take or do! Hence, the qualifying word "sincerely" is necessary to manifest the distinction! May be here "اصحون" = sincere care-renderers, well-wishers!

²³ See footnote 15 above, regarding the expression "cool-eye!"

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14. And lamma (when/whence) [he] reached his ashodda²⁴ وأستوي (*brime*, full mental and *bhysical strengths*) and *istawa*²⁵ ([*he*] وَعِلْمُا وَكُذَّالِكَ became a: resolver/decider/executer) We accorded him a rule and knowledge; and like tha'leka (afar-that-it/) x [*We*] requite the benefactors. 15. And [he] entered the city on a period (of) inattention of of its w folks w; then [he] found two men mutually fighting; this (is) of his sect^w/faction^{w26} and this (is) شِيعَتِهِ وَهَاذًا مِنْ عَدُوّه ع of his foe; so istaghatha (sought help) (of) him who (is) فَأَسَّتَغَاثُهُ ٱلَّذِي مِن شِيعَتِهِ عَ of his sect^w/faction^w over that who^x (is) of his foe;²⁷ ٱلَّذِي مِنْ عَدُوّه عُوَكُرُهُ مُوسَىٰ so²⁸ punched²⁹ him *Mosa* (*Moses*) then killed³⁰ him; said [he]: this (is) a work of the Satan; verily he (is) a فَقَضَىٰ عَلَيْهِ قَالَ هَنذَا مِنْ عَمَل foe, misleader, manifester. ٱلشَّيْطَ وَانْهُ رَعَدُوٌّ مُّضِلٌ مُّيرٍ وَهُ السَّيْطَ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْلٌ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ 16. Said [he]: my Lord, verily I wronged³¹ (to) myself^w so رَبِّ إِنِّى ظَلَمْتُ نَفْسِي let-forgive for me [Yous]; so [He] forgave for him; verily He, He (is) The Ghafooro (iterative Forgiver), The Raheemo (iterative mercy Giver). 17. Said [he]: my Lord, for what an'ama32 (had graced قَالَ رَبِّ بِمَآ أَنْعَمْتُ عَلَيٌّ فَلَنْ bounteously and ennoblingly the most desirable and delighting boons) You^g on me, so never [I] be a backer/supporter for the criminals. 18.So[he] became in the city^w a fearer/fearfully observing-/waiting; then edha (suddenly/surprisingly) who x istanssara ([he] sought succor) (of) him by yesterday yestessrekhoho (loudly-seeking his help); said to him Mosa (Moses): verily you g surely (are) a ghaweyyon (strayer because of fallacious belief which results in disappointment) manifester.

killed a self wby vesterday; not want [you^s] except to إِن تُرِيدُ إِلَّا أَن تُكُونَ be [yous] a jabbaran (vigorous compeller) in the land and en

أَن تَقْتُلُن كُمَا قَتَلتَ نَفَّسًا

²⁵ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the meaning of this great and multifaceted word, istawa!

19. So lamma (when/whence) [he] wanted to seize by whom x he (is) a foe³³ for them both, said [he]: O, Mosa (Moses), do [you^s] want to kill me like what you^h

27The word"عنو" in Arabic is used for: (1) singular and (2) plural as well as (3) "multitudinous foe," see الهادي and اللهادي! 28 Both "فن" in this sentence are "للعطف" "conjunctives," see إعراب القرآن لـ محمود صافي The word "فن" that is "punched" وكل" "فنريه بجمع كفه" وكل" and Merriam Webster's

Dictionary respectively!

²⁴ The Arabic word "ashuddaho"="his "prime, full strength" meaning reached the ideal age of physical and mental strengths!

²⁶ The word "شيعة" = "sect/faction" in the sense of a party whose members mutual follow and succor each other!

³⁰ The word "فضی" has more than a dozen meanings, if the subject participle connected to it is Allah, then it means either "decrees/ decreed/ decreeing," or "reveals/ revealed/ revealing!" If the subject participle is a human, then it means: "judges/ends/concludes/completes/finishes/attains" (or the verbal inflections of these verbs)! However, followed by a prepositional particle then its meaning derives from that! For example: (a) "غفنى عليه" example: (a) "غفنى عليه" = killed him; (b) "غفنى اليه" = rendered a judgment concerning it; (c) "قضنى منه" erevealed to him; (d) "عفنى منه" attained his purpose out of him; (e) "قضى عنه" rendered a service on his behalf! In this great Ayah, the meaning is: killed him!

31 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "فاعل الظلم"= "injustice-doer" and "فاعل"= "wronger!"

32 The word "أنعب" in "نعبت" denotes five distinct ideas: (1) said: yes, (2) perfected the deed (being done), (3) did the

the various ideas denoted by "أنعم" So, I think the best approximation is to say: granted perfectly and bounteously what is most desirable and delighting! most desirable and delighting deed, (4) was bounteous in giving, and (5) granted! There is no English word to express all

in Arabic is used for: (1) singular and (2) plural as well as (3) "multitudinous foe," see اللمعاني and (2) علو"

(not) [you s] want to be [you s] of the reconcilers-/reformers.	جَبَّارًا في ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا تُريدُ أَن تَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُصْلِحِينَ
20. And came a man from the city's agssa (uttermost-end)	وَجَآءَ رَجُلٌ مِّنَ أَقْصَا ٱلْمَدِينَةِ
striding, ³⁴ said [he]: O, Mosa (Moses) verily the chiefs	يَشِعَىٰ قَالَ يَهُوسَىٰ إِنَّ ٱلْمَلَأَ
(are) conferring by youg to kill youg; so let-exit [yous];	يَأْتَمِرُونَ بِكَ لِيَقْتُلُوكَ فَٱخْرُجْ
verily I am for you ^g of the (<i>sincere</i>)-advisors. ³⁵	إنَّى لَكَ مِنَ ٱلنَّاصِحِينَ 🟐
21. So exited [he] fearer/fearfully watching/observing;	فَخُرَجَمِنْهَا خَآبِفًا يَتَرَقَّبُ قَالَ رَبِّ
said[he]:myLord najjeney (let-iteratively deliver)me[You ^s]	نَجِيني مِنَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ ٢
from the people the dha'le meena (injustice-doers). 22. And lamma (when / whence) [he] turned-towards Madyana (when / whence) [he] turned-towards (whence / whence / whe	
said [he]: asa (craving a deed beyond one's means that, may)	وَلُمَّا تُوجَّهُ تِلقَآءَ مَدْيَنَ قَالَ عَسَىٰ
my Lord to divinely-guideme the path's center/intent.	رَبِّ أَن يَهْدِ يَنِي سَوَآءَ ٱلسَّبِيلِ ﴿
23. And lamma (when/whence) warada ([he] in-came/arrived)	وَلَمَّا وَرَدُ مَآءً مَدِّينَ وَجَدَ
Madyana's ^w water ^x [he] found on it ^x an Ummatan ^w (gathered public) ^w of the mankind watering; ³⁷ and [he]	عَلَيْهِ أُمَّةً مِّرِ . النَّاسِ يَسْفُونَ
found of beside/near them ³⁸ two women <i>tadhoda'ne</i> ³⁹	وَوَجَدَ مِن دُونِهِمُ لَمِرَأَتَيْن تَذُودَان
(both warding-off); said [he]: what khattho40 (serious	قَالَ مَا خَطْبُكُمَا قِالَتِا لَا نَسْقِي
matter (of) you both; said both: not we water until issue the shepherds; and our father (is) shakhon	حَيًّىٰ يُصْدِرَ ٱلرَّعَآء وَأَبُونَا شَيْخُ
(aged) kabeeron (elder).	ڪبير 🗇
24. So [he] watered for them both; afterwards [he]	فَسَقَىٰ لَهُمَا ثُمَّ تَوِلَّىٰ إِلَى ٱلظِّلِّ
turned/diverted to the shade; then said [he]: my Lord, verily I am for what descended You ^g to me of	فَقَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّى لِمَآ أَنزَلْتَ إِلَى مِنْ
khayren (provision/desirable) (is) an indigent ⁴¹ .	خَيْر فَقِيرٌ ١
25. Then came-she ^y (to) him an ehda ⁴² (lone of any-one) (of) both walking ^y [she ^y] on shyness, said she ^y : verily my	فِجْآءَتُهُ إِحْدَلِهُمَا تُمْشِي عَلَي
father invites you ^g to requite you ^g [he] remuneration	ٱسْتِحْيَآء قَالَتُ إِنَّ أَنِي لِيَّا يُذَعُوكُمْ
(for) what you h watered for us; then lamma (when/-	لِيَجْزِيَكَ أُجْرَ مَا سَقَيْتَ لَنَا فَلِمَّا جَاءَهُ وَقَصَ عَلَيْهِ ٱلْقَصِصَ
whence) [he] came (to) him and [he] narrated on him the narratives, [he] said: let-not fear [you ^s], you ^h escaped	قَالَ لَا تَخَفُ جُوْتَ مِرْ .] ٱلْقُوْمِ
from the people the <i>dha'lemeena</i> ⁴³ (<i>injustice-doers</i>).	ٱلظُّلمِينَ 📵
26. Said-she ^y an <i>ehda</i> ⁴⁴ (<i>lone/any-one</i>) (<i>of</i>) both: O, my father,	قَالَتْ إِحْدَنْهُمَا يَتَأْبَتِ ٱسْتُعْجِرْهُ
ista'ajer (let-seek-recompensing/hiring) him [you s]; verily khaayra (choicer/superior/worthier) (of) whom p ista'jara	اد . " خَدْ مَه السَّنُحُاتُ ٱلْقُويُ
(affirmably recompensed/hired out) you h the strong the	الله المالية
trustworthy.	الا في ال

³⁴ The word "بيمعنى عدا دون الشد" i.e. strode = walking with long steps, especially in a hasty or vigorous way, as in this context; (2) "بيمعنى مشنى أو مضى" i.e. treaded = walk on, over, or along; (3) "عمل باجتهاد" = endeavored, i.e. he made conscientious or concerted effort toward an end; (4) "بمعنى قصد" intentionally treaded! When "سعى" in the sense of "striding" it is made transitive by "ألى" and when it is in the sense of "work" then it is made transitive by "الأم" See اللسائر. and اللسائر.

³⁵ The word "ناصحين" is the plural for "خاصح" = advisor of a sincere/genuine/true advice for the recipient's benefit!

36 The "نالین" = "the injustice-doers," as "الظلم" = "injustice!" See the Lexicon attached to this Translation!

37 The word "يسقون" = watering, whereas "يشريون" = drinking!

³⁸ The expression "lesser than them" means not on equal footing of competing, as they are "girls" and the others are men of strength and capacity! So, they stand a shorter distance from the source of water!

³⁹ That is warding off their flocks!

[&]quot;refers to "serious matter which involves much discussion!"

⁴¹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for "فقير" versus "فير" = "indigent" versus "poor!" ⁴² See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* regarding "أحدى"

⁴³ The word "ظالين" = "the injustice-doers," see the Lexicon attached to this Translation!

[&]quot;إحدى" See footnote 41 above regarding!

27. Said [he]: verily I want to wed youg ehda45 (lone/any-قَالَ إِنَّ أَرِيدُ أَنْ أَنكَحَكَ إِحْدَى one) (of) my, these w two w daughters on that [you s] ٱنْنَةً هَيتُهُ عَلَى أَن تَأْجُرَنِي ثُمَينَ recompense (hire out to) me (for) eight hejajen^w (lunaryears) w and en(if) youh concluded ten then (that would be) from endeka (your munificence); and not want [I] to indurate on you g; [you s] shall find me, if Allah إِن شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ مِ 🖳 ٱلصَّالِحِينَ 🕽 willed, of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 28. Said [he]: tha'leka(afar-that-it/) x (is) between me and قَالَ ذَٰ لِكَ بَيني وَبَيْنَكَ [between] you g whichever the twain ajala46 (termlimits) I finished, then no aggression (is) on me; and Allah on what we say (is) a Custodian. 29. So lamma (when/whence) finished Mosa (Moses) the *فَلَمَّاقَضَىٰ مُوسَى ٱلْأَجَلَ وَسَارَ ajala⁴⁷ (term-limit) and sara (nocturnally treaded[he]) by his family [he] sensed/perceived from the side of the Ttoo're (mount) a fire w; said [he] to his family w: emkotho نَارًا قَالَ لِأَهْلِهِ ٱمْكُثُواْ إِنَّ (let-you^z stay/tarry), verily I sensed/perceived a fire w; ءَانَسَّتُ نَارًا لَّعَلِّيٓ ءَاتِيكُم مِّنْهَا بِخَبْر la'alley (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps: I) aa'teekum^x([I] bring/come to you^b) x from it wby a tiding ذوَة مّر . أَلنَّار لَعَلَكُمُ or a brand of the fire w la'allakum (perhaps you b) tassttaloona(you^z seek its warmth). 30. Then lamma (when/whence) aa'taha^x ([he] approached/came

to it^w) x [he] (had been) called from the valley's bank, the ayma'ne (right-side), in the spot-shey the blessed-shey from the tree w, that O, Mosa (Moses): verily I am Allah, the worlds' Lord.

31. And that let-throw [you s] your t staff w; so lamma (when/whence) [he] saw it w shaking w as it w were a jannon⁴⁸ (a young snake), [he] diverged reversely and not retraced [he] his steps; O, Mosa (Moses) agbel (let-[you s] forwardly-advance) and let-notfear[you^s]; verily you^g(are) of the aa'me'neena (self-safety-securers).

32. Let-thread/insert[yous]your^thand^winto your^t(garment's) bosom[it^w]egresses white^wof other than an ill⁴⁹; and let-embrace [yous] to youg your wing of dread of dread; so tha'neka⁵² (here-are-two) [twain] proofs from your ^t Lord to Pharaoh and his chiefs; verily they, were a people fa'seegeena⁵³ (rebels/vis-à-vis Allah's command).

وَأُنْ أَلِّق عَصَاكَ فَلَمَّا رَءَاهَا مَّتَرُّ وسَيِّ أُقْبِلُ وَلَا تَخَفُ إِنَّكَ

⁴⁶ The word "الأجل" means term-limit, see!

⁴⁷ Ibid, regarding "term-limit!"

⁴⁸ The word "jann"= "بجان" means: (1) a young snake of the type that is harmless and found in the houses, (2) the father of the Jinn, as Adam is the father of the human, (3) a demon!

⁴⁹ That is not because of leprosy, see!!

⁵⁰ The "wing" is the arm, the forearm and the hand, i.e. from the shoulder to the finger tips!

⁵¹ That is when embrace your own wing (by putting your hand on your chest) the dread will cease! Also الرهب = الكم 52 The word "thaneka" = "نا" is made up of three distinct components: the particle "نا" which has many meanings, of relevance here is demonstrative pronoun for the near, animate and the inanimate, and the second component is the "نْ،" and "لَانْ "and to be used for the afar, except when the "نْ is" is "and the third component is the "خُلْكُ" "the addressee's pronoun. Thus, "thaneka" "meaning: "here-are-twain!"

⁵³ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this important word fasegoon and its grammatical inflections!

33. Said [he]: my Lord, verily I killed of them a self so [I] fear/know⁵⁴ (that) they^z kill $[me]^{55}$. 34. And my brother Haroono (Aaron) he (is) afssaho56 (more eloquent) than me a tongue; so let-send him [Yous] with me a red'an⁵⁷ (supporter), youssaddeqoney (he affirms what I say as credible); verily I, [I] fear/know⁵⁸ that they deny $[me]^{59}$. 35. Said [He]: [We] shall harden your t arm⁶⁰ by your t brother and [We] make for both an authority, so not they reach to you both by Our Aya'te (miracles-/signs/proofs) you both and whoever ettaba'a ([he] *closely-followed*) you both (*are*) the overcomeers. 36. Then *lamma*(when/whence) came (to) them *Mosa* (Moses) by Our Aya'tew (miracles/signs/proofs) evidents-they y said they^z: not this except a magic *muftaran* (*craftily* معناً بهَاذًا في ءَابُأَينًا fabricated lie for fraudulent end) and not we heard by this in our fathers the [firsts]. 37. And said *Mosa (Moses)*: my Lord (is) knowinger by whom^p [he] came by the divine-guidance from endehe بالهَدَىٰ مِنْ عِندِهِ وَمَن تَكُونُ (by His: munificence/Rule); and who^p (is to) be for him لهُ عَنقبَةُ آلدار إنهُ لَا يُفلُّحُ the home's "(Hereafter's/world's) consequence"; verily not prosper the dha'lemoona⁶¹ (injustice-doers). 38. And said Pharaoh: O, you the chiefs not I knew for you b of an elahen (a deity) other than me; so letkindle for me, O, Hamano over the mud, so let-make [you^s] for me an edifice; la'alley (perhaps I) atta'leo⁶² ([I] ascend to observe) [to] Mosa's (Moses') ela'he (deity); and verily[I]presume him of the liars. 39. And istakbara⁶³ ([he] affirmed his prideful haughtiness) he and his soldiers in the land by other than the right; and presumed they that they (are) to Us not (to be) returned.

⁵⁴ Linguistically the word "خفت" carries dual meanings: (1) fear and (2) know! Both meanings could apply!

⁵⁵ The letter "نن" in "نون الوقاية او العماد، حيث لا يُستَقنى عنها" which precedes the speaker's pronoun "نو" The speaker's pronoun "نو" in "ني" is omitted, for "التخفيف" = "alleviation,

lightening" or Ayat's end harmony (rhyme)! See إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي!

56 The word "فصح" is a comparative superlative for which there is no English equivalent per se! So, to express the idea of "فصح"," one must add the word "more" parenthetically, as "more" is not explicitly stated in the text!

اللسّان that is "supporter!" See "الردء" المعين" = "الردء"

⁵⁸ See footnote 54 above regarding *fear/know!*

¹⁵⁰ See footnote 54 above regarding المحتبون (المحتبون) 59 See footnote 55 above regarding المحتبون (150 See footnote 55 above regarding المحتبون (150 See footnote 55 above regarding المحتبون (150 See footnote 55 above regarding (150 See footnote 55 See footnote 55 See footnote 55 See footnote 55 See foot purpose of observing!

⁶³ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter w when added to a word!!

40. So We took him and his soldiers; then nabatha (slightinglycast) them We in the yamme (sweet/salty water river/sea); so let-look [yous] how [was] the dha'lemeena's (injusticedoers') consequence^w. 41. And We made them a'emmatan (principals/leaders), they z invite to The Fire w and The Qeyamatey'sw (*Judgment's*) Day not (*to be*) succored they^z. 42. And We ensued them in this world wa curse wand The *Devamatey's* (*Judgment's*) Day they (are) of the magboheena (ones that are most vile). 43. And lagad (verily, already and affirmatively) aa'tayna (We accorded/gave) Mosa (Moses) the book from afterwhat We أهلكنا ألقرور (had) perished the generations the first "; evidencespersuaders w for the mankind and a divine-guidance x and a mercy w; la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) they bethink they z. كُنتَ كِجَانِبِ ٱلْغَرِّبيِّ إِذْ 44. And not you^c were by the west side edh (when/while) We judged/charged/revealed to Mosa (Moses) the نَا إِلَىٰ مُوسَى ٱلْأُمِّرَ وَمَا كُنتَ matter and not you^c were of the witnessers. 45. [And,]but We established generations; then prolonged وَلَكِنَّا أَنشَأْنَا قُرُونَا فَتَطَاوَلَ عَلَيْهُ on them the age; and not you h were tha'weyan (lengthily abiding)in Madyana's folks wreciting on them Our Aya'te^w (messages); [and,] but We were senders. 46. And not you^h were by the *Ttoo're's* (*Mount's*) side *edh* كُنتَ بِجَانِبِ ٱلطُّورِ إِذْ نَادَيْنَا (when/since) We called; [and,] but a mercy w from your t Lord, to warn [you s] a people not ata x (approached/came to) x them of a warner of before you g; la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that, *perhaps*) they bethink they ^z. 47. And *lawla* (why have not) that betide them a disaster^w for what advanced their hands then they say: our Lord *lawla(why did not)* You^c sent (to) us a messenger, so natta'be'o ([we] closely-follow) Your ^t Aya'te^w (messages) and [we] be of the believers. 48. Then lamma (when/whence) came (to) them the right from enda (by munificence from/by Rule from) Us theyz said: lawla (why have not) oteya ([he] had been accorded) like what oteya Mosa (Moses); have [and]⁶⁵

⁶⁴ The word "שׁוְעֵבּ" "the injustice-doers," as "וְשׁׁנְאַם" = "injustice!" See the Lexicon attached to this Translation!
65 The Arabic interrogative-castigatory particle "פֿלאס" (implying negation) is made up of three parts (أ), (פּ), (פּ) "," meaning: does it, referring to the fact, or sound logic of the evidence or clear situation. The (9) = (and) component is (3) of coupling which normally commences the sentence! However, because there is an interrogative particle which takes precedence for beginning a sentence! It implies why they have not done proper examination of all the facts and considered the proper decision accordingly! See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for elaboration!

unbelieved they z by what Mosa (Moses) oteya of	مُوسَىٰ مِن قَبْلُ ۖ قَالُواْ سِحْرَان
before; said they ^z : twain magics ⁶⁶ mutually backed;	
and said they ^z : verily we by each (are) unbelievers.	تَظَهُرَاوَقَالُوٓاْإِنَّابِكُلِّ كَيفِرُونَ 👜
49. Let-say [yous]: then eeto (let-bring/come you ²) by a book	قُلْ فَأْتُواْ بِكِتَابِ مِّنْ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ
from ende(by munificence of / by Rule of) Allah ahda(of: better-	هُوَ أَهْدَىٰ مِنْهُمَا أَتَّبِعْهُ إِن
/ more divine-guiding) than them both, attabe'o ([I] closely-	and the second s
follow)it ^x en(if)you ^c were ssadeqeena(always-truth-enforcers).	كُنتُمْ صَادِقِينَ @
50. Then en(if) not yestajeebo67 (compliantly-answer they?) for	فَإِن لَّمْ يَسْتَحِيبُواْ لَكَ فَٱعۡلَمْ
youg then let-know[yous] verily only yattaba'aona(closely-	أَنَّمَا يَتَّبِعُونَ أَهْوَآءَهُمْ وَمَنْ
followed they'z) their ahwa (tendentious likings); and who a (is)	
adhallo ⁶⁸ (more astray) than whom p ettaba'a ([he] closely-	أَضِلُ مِمَّن ٱتَّبَعَ هَوَلهُ بِغَيْرِ
followed) his hawa ⁶⁹ (tendentious liking) by other than a divine-guidance from Allah; verily Allah divinely-	هُدًى مِّر .) ٱللَّهِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا
guides not the people the dha' lemeen a [0] (injustice-doers).	يَهْدِي ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلظَّلْمِينَ ﴿
51. And <i>lagad</i> (<i>verily</i> , <i>already and affirmatively</i>) We conveyed	
for them the say, la'alla (craving currently unavailable	 وَلَقَدْ وَصَّلْنَا لَهُمُ ٱلْقَوْلَ
deed that, perhaps) they bethink they ^z .	لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ 🝙
52. Whom ^r aa'taynahum (We accorded/gave them) the book	ٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَهُمُ ٱلْكِتَنِ مِن
of before it ^x they (<i>are</i>) by it ^x believe they ^z .	قَبْلُهِ، هُم بِهِ، يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿
53. And if (to be/being) recited on them, they z said: aa'manna (we believed) by it x verily it x (is) the right	وَإِذَا يُتْلَىٰ عَلَيْهُمْ قَالُوۤاْ ءَامَنَّا بِهِۦٓ
from our Lord; verily we, we were of before it x	إِنَّهُ ٱلۡحَقُّ مِن رَّبِّنَاۤ إِنَّا كُنَّا مِن
Muslims.	قَبْلِهِ عُسْلِمِينَ 🕝
54. Those <i>youa'tona</i> (are to be accorded) their recompense	
twice by what ssabaro (they held on patiently); and they	أُوْلَيْهِكَ يُؤْتُونَ أَجْرَهُم مَّرَّتَيْن بِمَا
forestall by the <i>hasanatey</i> (<i>meritorious-deed</i>) w the	صَبَرُواْ وَيَدْرَءونَ بِٱلْحَسَنَةِ ٱلسَّيَّئَةَ
sayyeata ^w (demeritorious-deed) wand of what We provided	
them they ^z expend.	وَمِمَّا رَزَقْنَهُمْ يُنفِقُونَ ٢
55. And if heard they the frivolity they shunned a'n	وَإِذَا سَمِعُواْ ٱللَّغْوَ أَعْرَضُواْ عَنْهُ
(off) it and said they. for us our works and for youb	
your works; peace (be) on you not nabtaghey ([we]	وَقَالُواْ لَنَآ أَعْمَالُنَا وَلَكُمْ أَعْمَالُكُرْ
earnestly quest) the jahileena ⁷¹ (they who act ignorantly or incorrectly).	سَلَنمُ عَلَيْكُمْ لَا نَبْتَغِي ٱلْجَنهِلِينَ 🝙
56. Verily you ^g divinely-guide not whom ^p you ^h liked;	
[and,] but Allah divinely-guides whom [He] wills;	إِنَّكَ لَا تَهْدِى مَنْ أَجْبَبْتَ
and He (is) knowinger by the muhtadeena ⁷² (they who	وَلَكِكَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَهْدِى مَن يَشَآء وَهُوَ
found and accepted the divine-guidance).	أُعْلَمُ بِٱلْمُهْتَدِينِ ﴾
57. And they z said: en (if) natta'be'o ([we] closely-follow) the	
divine-guidance with you g we (would be) abducted-	وَقَالُواْ إِن نَتَبِعِ ٱلْمُدَىٰ مَعَكَ

⁶⁶ The word "سحران" = "magics," could refer to The Torah and The Euangelion, or The Torah and The Qur'an, or Moses and Aaron or Moses and Mohammad, peace be on both, or Jesus and Mohammad, peace be on both, see !!الطبري

⁶⁷ The word "يستجيبو" is rooted in "الهادي "meaning: favorably/ compliantly answered, not just answered! See اللهادي 68 The word "اضل" = "adhallo" is a superlative adjective for "strayer" for which there is no English equivalent!

⁶⁹ The word "فواع" is plural of "أهواع" translated as "(tendentious) liking," which in and of itself could be good or bad noble or vile! The Messenger (SAWS) says that believe not anyone of you until his "هوى" agrees with what I came with, i.e. the Qur'an and Hadeeth.

⁷⁰ The "ظالین" = "the injustice-doer," as "الظلم" = "injustice!" See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation!*⁷¹ The word "جهائين" = "jaheleena" is rooted in "جهائي" meaning: (1) was ignorant of, (2) believed in something contrary to reality, (3) did a thing not correct! So the "jahiloona" are they who act ignorantly or incorrectly!

72 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "muhtadee" and its plural "muhtadoon"/ "muhtadeen!"

/snatched from our land w; have [and] not [We] نُتَخَطُّفْ مِنْ أَرْضِنَا ۚ أَوَلَمْ نُمَكِّن enabled/established⁷³ for them a sacred sanctuary, (to be/being) brought to it * every thing's thamara'te* (trees/plant-crops/fruits) * a rez'qan* (victuals for sustenance) * from ladona⁷⁴ (directly and possessively from Us); [and,] but most(*of*) them not know. 58. And how-many⁷⁵ We devastated of a village w [itw] extravagated its w living w; so telkaw (she-that-afar-it /those) w (are) their dwellings, not dwelt from after them except a few; and We were the Heirs. 59. And not [was] your ^t Lord Muhleka (devastator of) the villages w until [He] missioned76 in its w mother a فِيِّ أُمِّهَا رَسُولًا يُتَّلُواْ عَلَيهِمْ messenger^x(to)recite[he] on them Our Aya'te^w (messages); and We were not perishing the villages^w, except that their folksw(were) dha'lemoona(injustice-doers). 60. And not oteytom (you² had been accorded) of a thing, so a mata'ao⁷⁷ (resource for a transitory worldly delight) (of) the life^w(of) the world wand its wadornment w; and what (is) enda (by munificence of/by Rule of) Allah (is) khayron ٱلله خَيرٌ وَأَيْقِي أَفُلَا تَعْقَلُونَ 📆 (choicer/superior/worthier) and abga⁷⁸ (more abiding); do then not reason you^z. 61. Is then whom^p We promised him a promise *hasanan* أَفْمَن وَعَدَّنَهُ وَعُدًّا حَسَنًا فَهُوَ (ultimate meritorious deed), so he (is) meeting it, xas whom^p matta'anaho(We let him relish the transitory worldly delight)a لَنقيه كُمَن مُّتَّعْنَنهُ مَتَنعَ ٱلْحَيَوٰةِ mata'a⁷⁹ (resource for a transitory worldly delight) (of) the ٱلدُّنْيَا ثُمَّ هُوَ يَوْمَ ٱلْقيَعَمَةِ مِنَ life w (of) the world ; afterwards he (is) The Qeyamatey's w (Judgment's) Day * of the muhdha-reena⁸⁰ (those that are made present predeterminedly vis-à-vis time and place). 62. And Day [He] calls them then says [He]: where (are) My partners, whom you were claiming. 63. Said who righted on them the say: (O,) our Lord; these, قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ حَقَّ عَلَيْهُ ٱلْقَوْلُ رَتَّنَا

whom ^r aghawayna⁸¹ (we indulgently strayed and were disappointed as being culpable), aghanyna them we as ghawayna(we indulgently strayed and were disappointed as being *culpable*); we absolved (*our-selves*) to You^g; not they^z were eyyana⁸² (indeed particularizing us) worshipping they^z.

كَانُوٓاْ إِيَّانَا يَعۡبُدُورِ ﴾ 📆

⁷³ The word "نمکن" in "نمکن" means "found" or "established!" It also means "enabled" or "empowered!" Clearly, the English word "established" does not imply or connote the same as "per sel

[&]quot;thus, "لدن" which closer spatially والمال ليس بقبضتك الآن" as you can say: "عندي مآل و المال ليس بقبضتك الآن" and more specific! So, "directly and possessively from" (Us) seems to indicate such closeness! See

⁷⁵ The word "A" is an interrogative exclamatory particle, meaning: "how-many," "how-much," "how-long!"

⁷⁶ The word "بعث" carries several meanings, among them: sent, missioned, arouse, resurrected, awaken, and prompted!

77. The word "بعث" "mata'aon" is rooted in the word "بعث" = "matta'd" with many meanings, among them: resources of transitory worldly delight! See Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration!

⁷⁸ The word "أبقى" is a *superlative adjective* meaning: *more abiding*! It has *no* English equivalent *per se*!

[&]quot;"="mata'aon!" = "متاع" see footnote 76 above regarding:

⁸⁰ The word "muhdharoon" is plural of "muhdhar," masculine, singular objective noun meaning: made present! However, such plural sense almost always despite their wish to be present!

81 The word "فوف" = "فوف" إنهمك في الضلال فسر" = "فوف" إللسان So he indulgently strayed and was disappointed for being so culpable!

82 The word "إذا قوكيد لضمير منصوب" = "إداة توكيد لضمير منصوب" = "إيّانا" = an article of intensity for an objective pronoun!

64. And (had been) said: let-invoke you ^z your ⁿ partners;	المراز والمراز
then they ^z invoked them; then not <i>yestajeebo</i> ⁸³ (<i>they</i> ^z	وَقِيلَ ٱدْعُواْ شُرَكَآءَكُرْ فَدَعَوْهُمْ
compliantly-answer) for them; and they z saw the	فَلَمْ يَسْتَجِيبُوا لَهُمْ وَرَأُوا ٱلْعَذَابَ
torment, had that they were yahtadoona (who find and accept divine-guidance).	َ لَوْ أَنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ يَهْتَدُونَ 😭
65. And day [He] calls/summons them, then says [He]:	وَيَوْمَ يُنَادِيهِمْ فَيَقُولُ مَاذَآ
what tha (on earth/have) answered you ^c the mursaleena	
(sent-messengers).	أَجَبْتُمُ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿
66. Then blinded ⁸⁴ on them the <i>anba'o</i> ⁸⁵ (<i>significant-and-</i>	فَعَمِيَتُ عَلَيْهُ ٱلْأَنْبَآء يَوْمَهِذِ
availing-news) then-day so they (are) not mutually querying they ^z .	فَهُمْ لَا يَتَسَآءَلُونَ 🗃
67. Then as-to whom [he] repented and [he] believed	فَأُمَّامَن تَابَوَءَامَنَ وَعَمِلَ صَالحًا
and [he] worked righteously, so asa (craving a deed	
beyond one's means that/may) that [he] be of the	فَعَسَيِّ أَن يَكُونَ مِنَ
thrivers.	ٱلۡمُفۡلحِينَ ۞
68. And your ^t Lord creates whatever ⁸⁶ [He] wills and [He] chooses; not [was] for them the choice ^w ; Subhana ⁸⁷	وَرَبُلُكَ تَخَلُّقُ مَا يَشَآء وَتَخَتَار مَا
(hallowedly and marvelously Allah is deemed transcending	
all defects and that everything solemnly stands in awe and	كَانَ لَهُمُ ٱلْخِيْرَةُ ۚ سُبْحَانَ
utmost consecration of) Allah and ta'aala (ever elevated [He]) amma (regarding) what they partner (other deities).	ٱللَّهِ وَتَعَلَىٰ عَمَّا يُشۡرِكُونَ ﴿
69. And your t Lord knows what conceal their chests	وَرَبُّكَ يَعْلَمُ مَا تُكِنُّ صُدُورهُمْ
and what they disclose.	وَمَا يُعَلِّنُونَ ﴾
70. And He (is) Allah, no an elaha (a deity) except Him;	وَهُوَ ٱللَّهُ لَآ إِلَىٰهَ إِلَّا هُوَ لَهُ
for Him (is) the praise in the First-she y88 and the	
Last-she ^y ; and for Him (<i>is</i>) The Rule and to Him (<i>to</i>	ٱلْحَيْمِدُ فِي ٱلْأُولَىٰ وَٱلْاَحِرَة وَلَهُ
<i>be</i>) returned you ^z .	ٱلْحُكُّمُ وَإِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ 🕲
71. Let-say[you ^s]:have seen you ^c en(if) made Allah on you ^b	قُلْ أَرَءَيْتُمْ إِن جَعَلَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ
the night everlastingly to The Qeyamatey's (Judgment's)	ٱلَّيْلُ سَرِّمَدَّا إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ ٱلْقِيَامَةِ مَنْ
Day, which an elahon (a deity) other than Allah yaátey	اللهُ غَيْرُ ٱللَّهِ بَأْتِيكُمْ بِضِيَآء
(comes/brings to)youbby a light; do then not hear you ^z .	
72.Let-say[you ^s]:have seen you ^c en(if) made Allah on you ^b	افلا تسمعون سي قُلْ أَرَءَيْتُمْ إِن جَعَلَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ
the day everlastingly to The <i>Qeyamatey's</i> (<i>Judgment's</i>)	
Day, which an elahon (a deity) other than Allah yaátey	ٱلنَّهَارَسَرْمَدًا إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ ٱلْقَيَّامَةِ مَنْ
(comes/brings to) youb by a night to repose/quiet you ^z	إله غير الله ياتيكم بليل
in it ^x ; do then not discern you ^z .	تَسْكُنُونَ فِيهِ أَفَلَا تُبْصِرُونَ 📆

⁸³ The word "يستجيبو" is rootedin "استجاب," meaning: favorably/compliantly answered, not just answered! See

⁸⁴ That is the "anba'a" had hidden or were not available to them, i.e. they were confused!

⁸⁵ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "naba'd"

86 The particle "أسم موصول" = "إسم أو أداة شرط" = conditional noun/particle; or "أم" = "إسم موصول" = connective noun meaning that which! See إلدّر المصون، لـ احمد الحلب and إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي الدر المصون، لـ احمد الحلب has no English equivalent! Wherever this word, or its grammatical inflections (such as "سبحان") or "سبحانه") occur all are associated with the divine uniqueness of Allah, doing stupendous work that Allah and Allah alone can do, thus Allah is hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects, and that everything solemnly stands in awe and utmost consecration of His divine and stupendous uniqueness! So, we can render "subhana"= "سبحان" concept by saying: hallowedly and marvelously Allah is deemed transcending all defects, and that all solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him!

⁸⁸ That is "the First-she y"=the world and "the Last-she y= the Hereafter!"

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73. And of His mercy^w [He] made for you^b the night and the day to quiet/repose in it ^x and to tabtagho⁸⁹ (earnestly-quest you ^z) His munificence; and la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) you ^b thank you^z.

- 74. And day [He] calls/summons them then says [He]: where (are) my partners, whom you were claiming.
- 75. And we wrested of every *Ummaten*^w (people/community)^w a witnesser/testifier then We said: hato (clamorously expressing let-bring) your ⁿ proof; then they^z knew that the right(is) for Allah and strayed a'n (off) them what they^z were yaftarona(they^z craft a lie for fraudulent end).
- 76. Surely *Qaroona* [was] of *Mosa's* (*Moses'*) people then [he] transgressed on them; and aa'taynaho (We accorded him) of the treasures [which a] its x keys surely (would) burden by the league w possessing the strength w; edh (when/since) said for him his people, let-not jubilate [yous]; verily Allah loves not the fa'reheena (they who exult).
- 77. And ebtagh (let-earnestly-quest [you^s]) in what aa'taka (gave-/accorded you^g) Allah the home w (of) the Hereafter w; and let-not forget [you^s] your^t lot of the world w; and ahsin (let-[you^s] render: meritorious-deed/say) as what ahsana ([He] rendered meritorious-deed) Allah to you^g; and let-not desire [you^s] the corruption in the Earth w; verily Allah loves not the corrupters.
- 78. Said [he]: verily only oteytaho ([I] had been accorded it^x) over knowledge I have; has [and] not known [he] that Allah qad (already and affirmatively) [He] perished of before him of the generations who^p (were) harder (in) strength w than him and more gathering; and not (to be) questioned a'n (regarding) their offenses the criminals.
- 79. Then emerged [he] on his people in his adornment "/trim"; said who " they " want the life " (of) the world ":
 O, yalayta (O, our longing is) for us like what oteya
 (had been accorded) Qaroono; verily he(is) surely possessor
 (of) a great fortune.
- 80. And said they^zwho^roto(hadbeen accorded) the knowledge: waylakum(woebegone for you^b); Allah's reward(is) khayron (choicer/superior/worthier) for whom ^p [he] believed and [he] worked righteously; and not youlqqaha (forgather/receive it^w) except the ssa'beroona (people of patience).

وَمِن رَّحْمَتِهِ جَعَلَ لَكُم ٱلَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ لِتَسْكُنُوا فِيهِ وَلِتَبْتَغُوا مِن فَضْلِهِ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿

لَّذِينَ كُنتُمْ تَزْعُمُونَ

وَنَزَعْنَا مِن كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ شَهِيدًا
فَقُلْنَا هَاتُواْ بُرَهَائِكُمْ فَعَلَمُواْ أَنَّ
الْحَقَّ لِلَّهِ وَضَلَّ عَهُم مَّا كَانُواْ
فَقُدُّمَ نَهُم مَّا كَانُواْ
فَقُدْ اللَّهِ وَضَلَّ عَهُم مَّا كَانُواْ
فَقُدْ اللَّهِ وَضَلَّ عَهُم مَّا كَانُواْ

إنَّ قَنُرُونَ كَانَ مِن قَوْمِمُوسَىٰ فَبَغَىٰ عَلَيْهِمْ وَءَاتَيْنَهُ مِنَ ٱلْكُنُوزِ مَا اللَّهُ مِنَ ٱلْكُنُوزِ مَا إِنَّ مَفَا تَحِهُ لَتَنُوّأً بِٱلْعُصْبَةِ أُولِي اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا تَفْرَحْ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا تَفْرَحْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا تَفْرَحْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا تَخْمِبُ ٱلْفَرِحِينَ عَنْ اللَّهُ لَا يَجْمِبُ الْفَرِحِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَجْمِبُ الْفَرِحِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَجْمِبُ الْفَرِحِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَخْمِبُ الْفَرِحِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَجْمِبُ الْفَرِحِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَجْمِبُ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَحْمِلُ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُونَ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمُ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُونَ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمُ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُونَ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُونَ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُونَ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُونَ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُونَ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُهُ لَا اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمُ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمُ لَا اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمِينَ اللَّهُ لَا يَعْمَلُهُ اللَّهُ لَا عَلَى اللَّهُ لَا عَلَيْ اللَّهُ لَا عَلَيْمِ اللَّهُ لَا عَلَيْ اللَّهُ لَا عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ لَا عَلَيْمُ اللَّهُ لَا عَلَيْمِ اللَّهُ لَا عَلَيْمُ اللَّهُ لَاللَّهُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا عَلَيْهِ اللْهُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا عَلَيْمُ اللَّهُ لَا عَلَيْمُ اللَّهُ لَا عَلَيْمُ اللْعِلْمُ لَا عَلَالِهُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا عَلَا لَهُ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا عَلَيْمِ لَا عَلَيْمُ لَا عَلَا عَلَا لَا عَلَا عَلَا الْعَلَامُ لَا عَلَا الْعَلَامُ لَا عَلَا عَلَا عَلَا عَلَا الْعَلَامُ لَا عَلَا الْعَلَامُ لَا عَلَا لَا عَلَا عَلَا عَلَا الْعَلَامُ لَا عَلَا عَلَا لَا عَلَامُ لَ

وَٱبْتَغ فِيمَآ ءَاتَنكَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلدَّارَ الْآخِرَةَ وَلَا تِنسَ نَصِيبَكَ مِنَ اللَّهُ الدَّنْيَا وَأَحْسِن كَمَآ أَحْسَن اللَّهُ إلَيْكَ وَلَا تَبْغ الْفُسَادَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا تَحْبُ الْمُفْسِدِينَ عَلَى اللَّهُ لَا تَحْبُ الْمُفْسِدِينَ عَلَى اللَّهُ لَا اللَّهُ لَا اللَّهُ الللّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْعُلِمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ اللْمُلْعُلْمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللل

قَالَ إِنَّمَاۤ أُوتِيتُهُۥ عَلَىٰ عِلْمِ عِندِىۤ أُولَمْ يَعْلَمْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ قَدْ أَهْلَكَ مِن قَبْلهِ مِن ٱلْقُرُون مَنْ هُوَ أَشَدُ مِنْهُ قُوَّةً وَأَكْثُرُ جَمِّعًا وَلَا يُسْعَلُ عَن ذُنُوبهمُ ٱلْمُحْ مُونَ . ﴿

فَخَرَجَ عَلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ، فِي زِينَتِهِ، قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ يُرِيدُونَ ٱلْحَيَوٰةَ ٱلدُّنْيَا يَلَيْتَ لَنَا مِثْلَ مَآ أُوتِي قَرُونُ إِنَّهُ لَذُو حَظِّ عَظِيم ﴿ قَالُونُ إِنَّهُ لَذُو حَظِّ عَظِيم ﴿ وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْعِلْمَ وَيَلْكُمْ فَوَابُ ٱللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لِمَنْ وَلِا عَلَمَ صَلحًا وَلَا عَلَمَ مَا لَحَالًا وَلَا يَامَنَ عَلَيْكُمْ فَوَابُ ٱللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لِمَنْ عَامَرَ وَعَمِلَ صَلحًا وَلَا يُلْقَدِهَا إِلَّا ٱلصَّبرُونَ ﴾ يُلَقَدِهَا إِلَّا ٱلصَّبرُونَ ﴾ يُلْقَدِهَا إِلَّا ٱلصَّبرُونَ ﴾ يُلْقَدِهَا إِلَّا ٱلصَّبرُونَ ﴾

⁸⁹ The word "طلب حثيثا" = "إبتغى" meaning: earnestly quested!

⁹⁰ The particle "\(\sigma\)" is, and Allah knows best, for *intensity*!

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فَيْسَفِّنَا بِهِ - وَبِدَارِهِ ٱلْأَرْضَ فَمَا 81. Then We imploded by him and by his home "the land"-كَانَ لَهُر مِن فِئَةِ يَنصُرُونَهُر مِن /groundw; so not [was] for him of a fe'a'tenw (band/ party/group) w to succor him of lesser than/without کارت Allah and not [was] [he] of the victors. 82. And became who they longed (for) his place by vesterday حُ ٱلَّذِيرِ ﴾ تُمَنُّوا مُكَانَهُ saying: wayka'anna(and as woebegone), Allah yabsotto([He] swells/expands) the rez'qax (provision/victuals for sustenance)x for whom p [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers-/submitters/slaves) and [He] straitens; lawla (had it not been for) that manna⁹¹ ([He] graced His boon^w) Allah on us, surely [He] (would have) imploded by us; wayka'anna it^{x92} not thrive the unbelievers. 83. Telka^w (she-that-afar-it w/it w) (is) the home w (of) the تِلكَ ٱلدَّارِ ٱلْأَخِرَةُ نَجِعَلُهَا لِلَّذِينَ Hereafter w We make it w for whom r neither want they^z a loftiness in the Earth^w and nor a corruption; لَا يُرِيدُونَ عُلُوًا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَا and the aa'gebato^w (consequence^w) (is) for the muttageena فَسَادًا وَٱلْعَنِقِبَةُ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ كُ (they who reverentially guard against Allah's displeasure). مَن جَآءَ بِٱلْحَسَنَة فَلَهُ رَخَيْرٌ مِّنْهَا 84. Whoever [he] came by the hasanatey (meritorious-deed) so for him *khayron* (superior/worthier) than it w; and جُآءَ بِٱلسَّيَّئَةِ فَلَا تُجُزَى whoever [he] came by the sayye'a'te w (demeritoriousdeed) then not (to be) requited whom worked they

85. Verily Who ordained/decreed on you^g The Qur'an^x surely [He] (is) raddoka (forthwith-returning/returner (of) you^g) to an appointment; let-say [you^s]: my Lord (is) knowinger, whoever [he] came by the divine-guidance and whoever he (is) in a misguidance manifester.

the misdeeds except by what they were working.

86. And not you^h were hoping that (*to be*) cast to you^g The Book except a mercy^w from your^t Lord; so letnot assuredly be [*you*^g] a backer/supporter for the unbelievers.

87. And let not assuredly repel you^{g93} a'n(off) Allah's Aya'te^w (*Qur'anic statements*) after edh (since) [it^w] unze'lat (had been descended-they^{y m}) to you^g; and let-invite [you^s] to your^t Lord and let not assuredly be [you^s] of the mushrekeena (he-they who partner deities with Allah/he-polytheists).

88. And let-not invoke [you s] with Allah an elahan (a deity) another; no other an elaha (a deity) except Him; everything (is) ha'lekon⁹⁴ (expirer/perishing) except His Face⁹⁵; for Him(is) the Rule and to Him you² (are to be) returned.

كُلُّ شَيْءِ هَالِكُ إِلَّا وَجُهَهُ

لَهُ ٱلْحُكُم وَإِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ 📾

قُل رَّيِّي أَعْلَمُ مَن جَآءَ بِٱلْمُدَىٰ

عَلَيْكَ

لَرَآدُّكَ إِلَىٰ مَعَادِ

[&]quot;That a "boon He graces it!" "!" That a "boon He graces it!"

⁹² The particle "هـ" in "ويكأنّه" refers to the truth, i.e. the indisputable fact that thrive not the unbelievers!

⁹³ That is the unbelievers, or the polytheists!

⁹⁴ The word "ha'lekon" is subjective, masculine, singular noun meaning: he who perishes/expires!

⁹⁵ That is *His Entity*, *His Self*!